

More Money; Fewer Problems

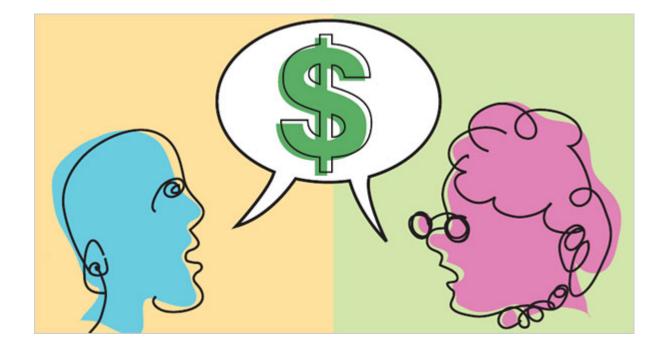
True or False?

- On Disability I can only have \$2,000 in the Bank.
- If I make more than \$1,000 I will lose my Disability benefits.
- ▶ I have to keep at least \$1.00 of SSI to keep my Medicaid.
- I have to report my tax refund to Social Security.
- The rules for SSI and Disability are the same.
- If I lose my benefits (SSDI or SSI benefits) I have to do new application.

The Big Question

Will I lose my benefits? Cash payments Health care

Social Security isn't all knowing



They base decisions on what you tell them.

Disability Benefit Programs

Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI)

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) Both SSDI and SSI = Concurrent benefits

Overview of Social Security Benefit Programs

- Title II Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI)
 - Entitlement program based upon insured status
 - 3 different forms SSDI, CDB and DWB
 - Comes with Medicare coverage
 - Amount of benefit varies
 - Received on 3rd of month (usually)
 - Income counted when it's <u>received.</u>
 - Impacted by <u>wages</u>

- Title XVI Supplemental Security Income (SSI)
 - Funded by federal tax dollars, not Social Security trust fund
 - Income-based program based upon financial eligibility
 - Comes with Medicaid coverage
 - Set full benefit amount (\$735)
 - Received on 1st of month
 - Income counted when it's <u>received.</u>
 - Impacted by most income

Income you <u>must</u> report to the <u>Social Security Administration</u>

SSDI

- Only Earned Income
 - Gross earnings from Wage Employment
 - Net earnings from Self-Employment

SSI

- Most Income (Earned or Unearned)
 - Gross earnings from Wage Employment
 - Net earnings from Self-Employment
 - Unemployment Benefits
 - **FIP**
 - Inheritance
 - ► Gifts (above \$20)
 - ► Gambling & Lottery Winnings
 - Spouse's wages
 - In-kind Support and Maintenance (Food and Shelter)
 - *Does not include programs like SNAP, Section 8 or Public Housing

Money and SSDI

- SSDI is an "all or nothing" program
- Only impacted by earned income
- SSA counts gross wages (before taxes) for wage employment
- SSA counts net wages (after taxes/expenses) for self-employment
- All earned income should be reported to SSA; best done monthly
- Dollar amount which impacts SSDI is called Substantial Gainful Activity (SGA)
 - \$1,170 per month (non-blind)
 - \$1,950 per month (blind)
- Wages by spouses are not counted (impacts SSI)
- Resources are not counted (impacts SSI)
- Tax returns are not counted for either program

Calculation of SSI w/earned income only

- -20 General exclusion
- \$865
- -65 Earned Income Exclusion
- <u>\$800</u>
 - /2 ¹/₂ remaining earnings
- <u>\$400</u> Countable earnings
- \$735.00 Federal Benefit Rate- 2017
- -400.00 countable earnings
- <u>\$335.00</u> SSI payment
- + \$885 gross income =
- \$1,220.00 Total Gross Income

2-MONTH LAG (January wages impact March SSI Benefit)

*MAGIC NUMBER \$1,555 per month (for most people)

What happens if my earnings are so high that my SSDI or SSI stops?

- For SSDI there are multiple phases before termination (at least 3 years and 9 months).
- For SSI you must go 12 <u>consecutive</u> months of no cash benefit before termination.
- Medicaid continues until you earn above a threshold (\$37,642) for 2017 (called 1619b)
- Both benefits have a safety net of 60 months (5 years) called "Expedited Reinstatement" where benefits can be restarted <u>without</u> filing a new application.
- Always speak with a benefits planner for more details.

Things to remember

- Everyone can work
- You can work and maintain benefits
- You can gradually transition off benefits
- You can maintain your Medicare/Medicaid
- ► ALWAYS reports wages to SSA, get receipt
- Assign T2W



True or False?

- On Disability I can only have \$2,000 in the Bank.
 - Only applies to SSI Recipients. Can be raised through MEPD
- If I make more than \$1,000 I will lose my Disability benefits.
 - ▶ This refers to the SGA (SSDI); which is \$1,170 (non-blind) or \$1,950 (blind).
- I have to keep at least \$1.00 of SSI to keep my Medicaid.
 - Absolutely not; even if you receive \$0.00 in SSI you can make \$37,642 per year.
- I have to report my tax refund to Social Security.
 - No. SSDI does not count unearned income. SSI has already counted it.
- The rules for SSI and Disability are the same.

▶ Duh. ☺

- If I lose my benefits (SSDI or SSI benefits) I have to do new application.
 - If benefits are lost by working; only after the EXR period has expired.

SSI vs SSDI

SSI

- Paid on the 1st
- Set amount (\$735/\$1,103)
- Medicaid
- Check is reduced depending on income
- Check is impacted by <u>most</u> income
- Resource limit is \$2,000/\$3,000

SSDI

- Paid on the 3rd (usually)
- Depends on previous earnings
- Medicare
- Check is "all or nothing"; depending on income
- Check is impacted <u>only</u> by wages
- Has no resource limit

2017 SSA Disability Benefit Amounts

Social Security Disability An	2017	
Benefit Amount - COLA rais	0.3%	
Substantial Gainful Activity (SGA)	Non-Blind	\$1,170/mo.
	Blind	\$1,950/mo.
* Trial Work Period (TWP) -	\$840/mo.	

SSI

	SSI Federal Payment Standard:	2017
Individual		\$735/mo.
Couple		\$1,103/mo.

Overview of WIPA

WIPA (work incentives planning and assistance) is a grant funded program sponsored by the Social Security Administration that provides work incentives planning and assistance services to Social Security beneficiaries who receive Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI) and/or Supplemental Security Income (SSI), who want to pursue gainful employment/self employment.

Disability Rights IOWA (DRI) staff members who provide WIPA services are called Community Work Incentives Coordinators (CWICs). There are currently two in Iowa.

Priorities

- Priorities allow us to work with individual beneficiaries at a time most crucial for their professional development, while avoiding any possible issues as they make an important transition.
 - Priority Group 1: Beneficiaries who are currently working or engaging in self-employment and have both a need and interest in receiving individualized work incentives planning and assistance services.
 - Priority Group 2: Beneficiaries who are actively pursuing employment or self-employment and who are interested in receiving work related benefits counseling.

Referral Process

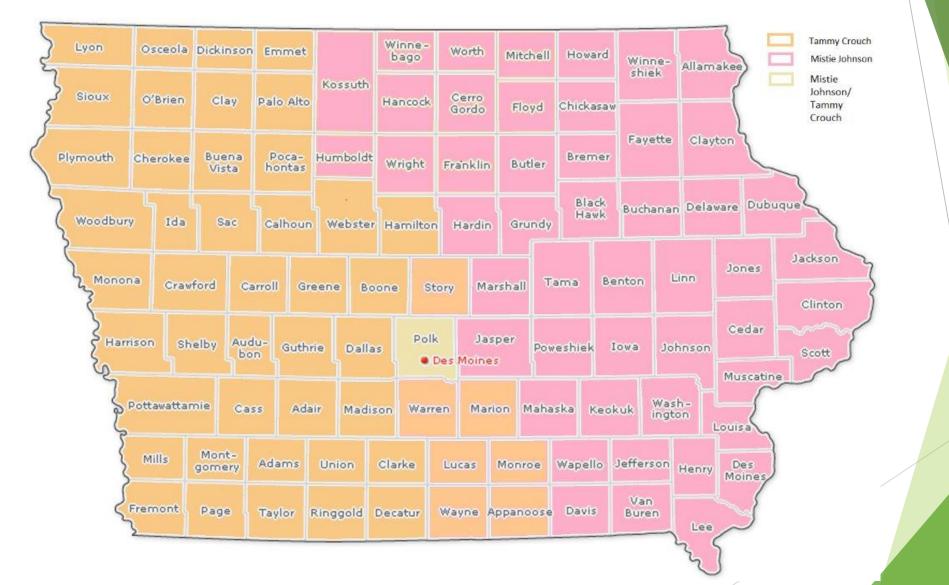
***Please direct all possible WIPA eligible beneficiaries to the Ticket Helpline <u>1-866-968-7842</u>.

When an individual calls the Ticket helpline, the Help Line will evaluate their appropriateness for WIPA Initial Services. The process looks like this:

Step 1: Begins with determining that the referral is eligible for WIPA services. Questions that will be asked: Are you receiving SSI and/or SSDI? Are you working? Are you actively preparing?

Step 2: Is this individual a high priority for WIPA services based on the NEW prioritization?

WIPA Coverage Areas



Iowa Work Incentive Planning and Assistance Community Work Incentive Coordinators

Mistie Johnson, CWIC

<u>mjohnson@driowa.org</u> 641-529-6010 Toll Free: 800-779-2502 Fax: 641-587-2677

Tammy Crouch, CWIC

<u>tcrouch@driowa.org</u> 712-560-3651 Toll Free: 800-779-2502 Fax: 712-560-4666

Disability Resource Coordinators (DRCs) through IWD

Region	DRC	Phone	Email	Counties
3&4	Erin Pingel	(712) 262-1971 ext.	Erin.Pingel@iwd.iowa.gov	Dickinson, Emmet, Kossuth, Clay, Palo
		42011		Alto, Lyon, Osceola, Sioux, and O'Brien
7	Sara Spieker	(319) 235-2123 ext. 306	Sara.Spieker@iwd.iowa.gov	Butler, Bremer, Grundy, Black Hawk,
				and Buchanan
11	Diane	(515) 725-3668	Diane.Hernandez@iwd.iowa.gov	Boone, Story, Dallas, Polk, Jasper,
	Hernandez			Madison, Warren, and Marion
12	Trisha Sadler	(712) 233-9030 x 46045	Trisha.Sadler@iwd.iowa.gov	Plymouth, Cherokee, Woodbury, Ida
				and Monona
16	Lanae Greene	(319) 753-1671 ext.	Lanae.Greene@iwd.iowa.gov	Louisa, Henry, Des Moines, and Lee
		31419		

Title	Name	Phone	Email
DEI Co-Lead	Brian Dennis	(515) 725-3666	Brian.Dennis@iwd.iowa.gov
Ticket to Work Coordiantor	Sheila Stoeckel	(641) 422-1524	Sheila.Stoeckel@iwd.iowa.gov





